

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2010 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

Yandolph Water Association
Public Water Supply Name

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Name/T	Title (President, N	Mayor, Owner, etc.)		-	// Date	
		npleted Form to: Bureau	of Public Water. Phone: 601-57	Supply/ P.O. Box	1700/Jackson,	MS 39215

No. 14.44 (1997)

2010 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Randolph Water Association PWS#: 0580007 May 2011

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Randolph Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Randy Quarles at 662-488-5938. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for June 14, 2011 at 7:00 PM at the Randolph Community Center.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2010. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2010, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESULI	T S			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detecte d	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG		MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiol	ogical (Contami	nants						
1. Total Coliform Bacteria	Y	July	Monitor	ing	NA		0	presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples	Naturally present in the environme

10. Barium	N	2010	.095	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2010	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2010	.12	.11912	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2010	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Selenium	N	2010	1.3	1.2 – 1.3	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Volatile (Organi	ic Contar	ninants	S				
76. Xylenes	N	2010	.0005	No Range		ppm	10 10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories

Disinfect	ion By	-Product	:s					
81. HAA5	N	2007*	.2	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	201009	1.092	1 – 1.3	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2010

Microbiological Contaminants:

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

The Randolph Water Association is required to make periodic reporting of potable water quality monitoring to the MS State Dept. of Health (MSDH) and has done so in a timely fashion. In July, 2010, one of the water samples indicated a need for re-sampling, which is common and was accomplished, however due to a clerical error the samples were not excepted causing the system to receive a monitoring violation. The second round of re-sampling indicated that the potable water in Diamondhead met the purity standard of the MSDH.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Randolph Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

⁽¹⁾ Total Coliforms. Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

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2010 Annual Drinking Water Quelly Report Randolph Water Association PWS#, 0580007 May 2011

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14. Copper	N	2010	3	0	pen	13	AL+1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
10. Fluorida	N.	2010	12	,11912	Ppm,	4		Erosion of natural deposits, water adultive which promotes strong teath; discharge from fertifizer and aluminum factories
17.1.030	N	2010	1	0	pçb	0	AL=35	Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
21. Satorium	N	2010	1.3	1.2-1.3	ppb	80	60	Discharge from petroleum and metal refractors, areason of natural deposits, decharge from mines

Ì	76. Xykoxa	N	2010	.0005	hio Range	PSX	B	10 10	discharge from chemical factories
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	61. HAA5	N	20077	.2	No Range	ppb	. 0	60	By-Product of draking water dainfection.
1	Chicrine	H	201000	1,092	1-1.3	ppra	0	MORL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

Most recent sample. No sample regulared for 2010
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